



Bringing Digitization to Healthcare Facilities

PRESENTERS



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Learning Objectives



Learn about digitization – what it is and how it can optimize and automate work processes.



Learn how digitization can be implemented in healthcare facilities.



Explore general and case-study specific outcomes of digitization.



Understand the vision for Digital Twin and its implications for prospective hospitals.

INTRO TO DIGITIZATION



Home Monitoring



Socializing



Shopping



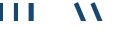
Traveling

Data is everywhere.

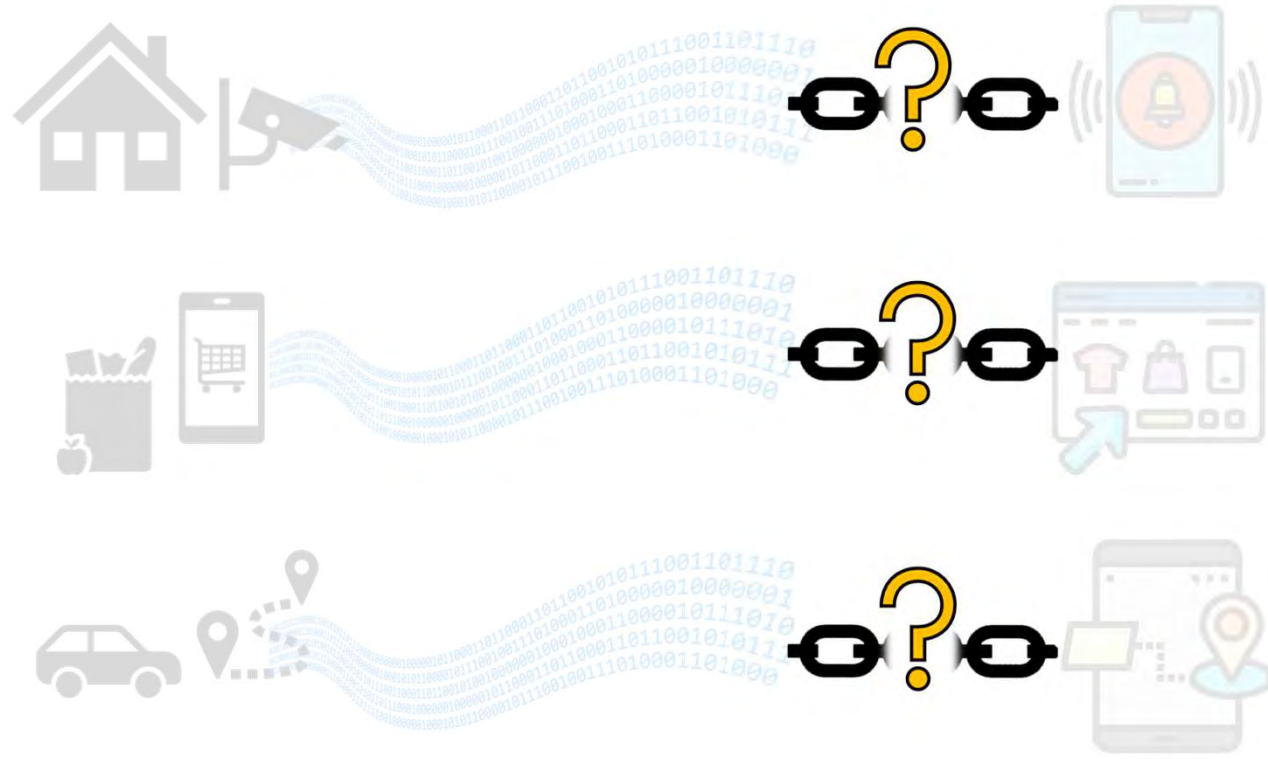
INTRO TO DIGITIZATION



Digitization takes data and makes it meaningful, consumable, and actionable.



INTRO TO DIGITIZATION



**But still, what is digitization exactly?
What is this missing link?**



INTRO TO DIGITIZATION



For Healthcare facilities, we are drowning in data.



INTRO TO DIGITIZATION



DECADE

DATA POINTS

1990's

15K

2000's

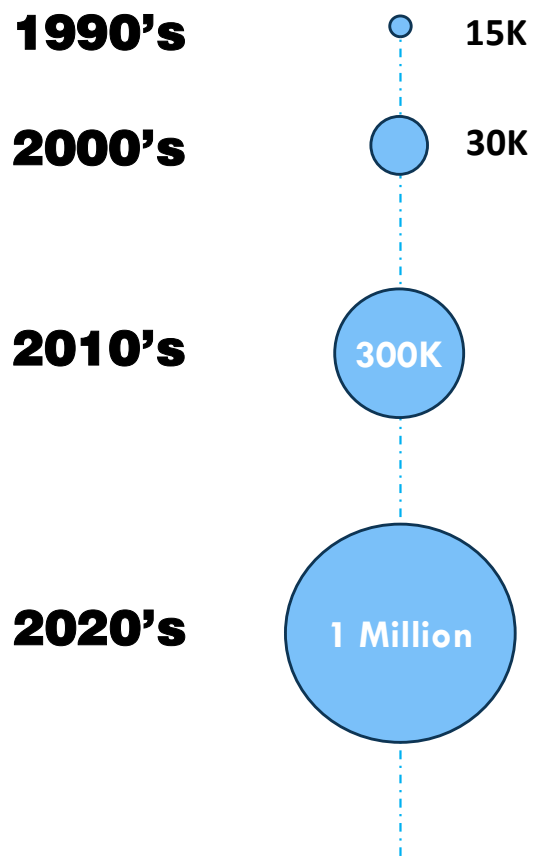
30K

2010's

300K

2020's

1 Million



INTRO TO DIGITIZATION

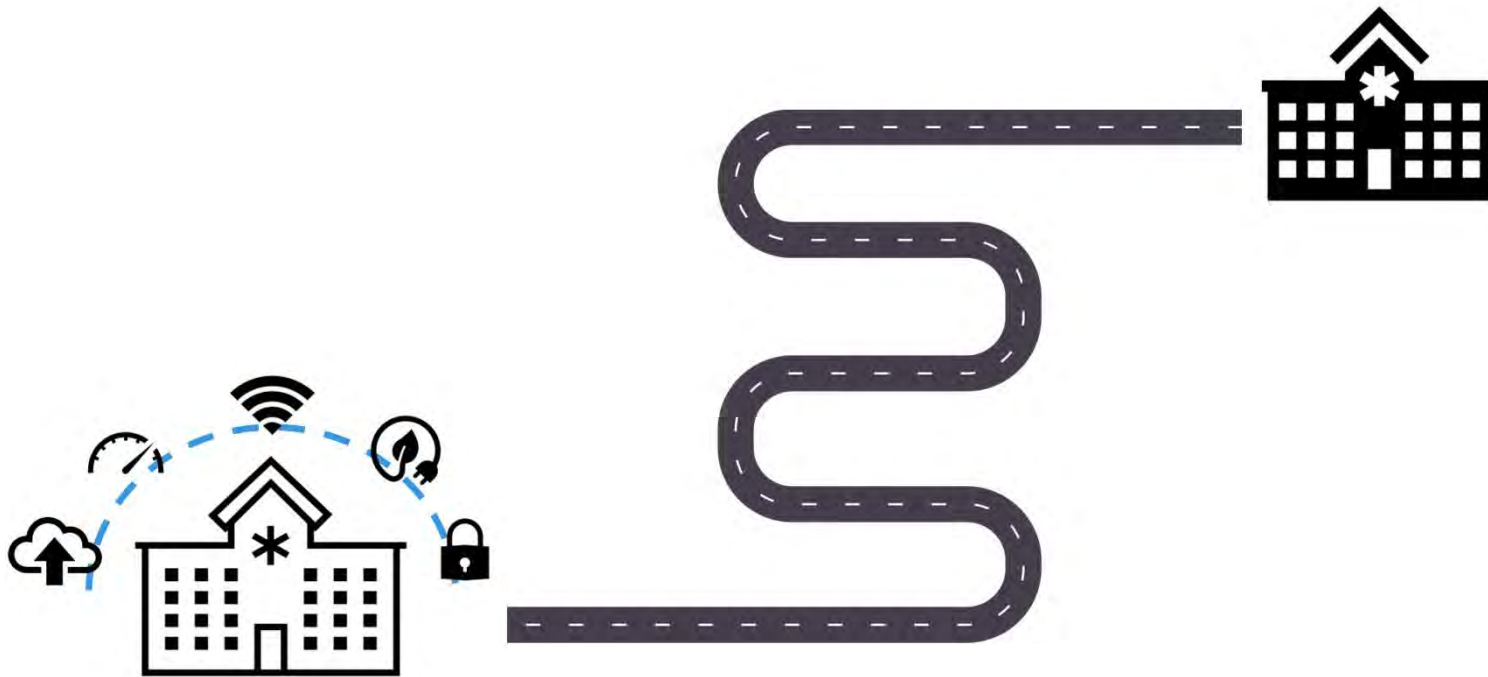
2050's

Billions?

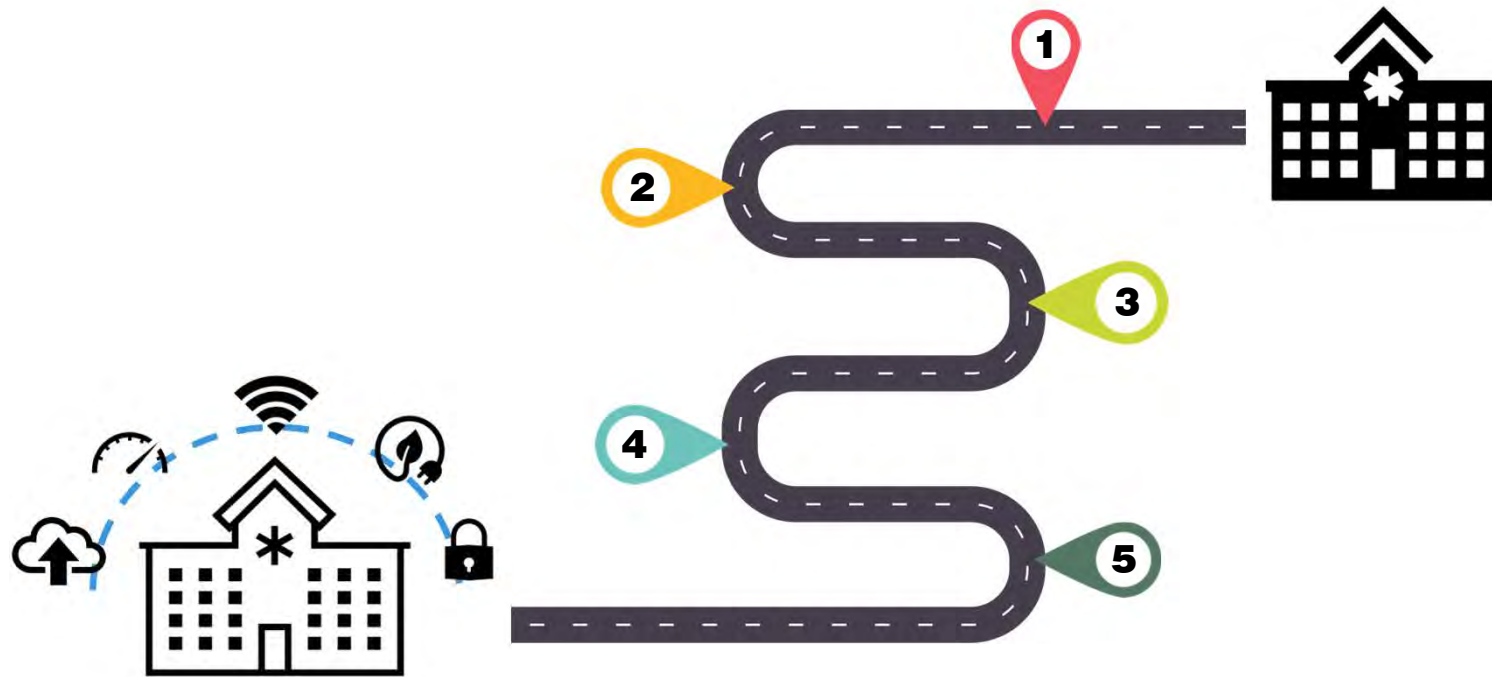


How can we be rescued from drowning even further?

**Realize Digitization is not a single event,
it's a journey.**



Let's walk through this journey and define step specifics along the way.



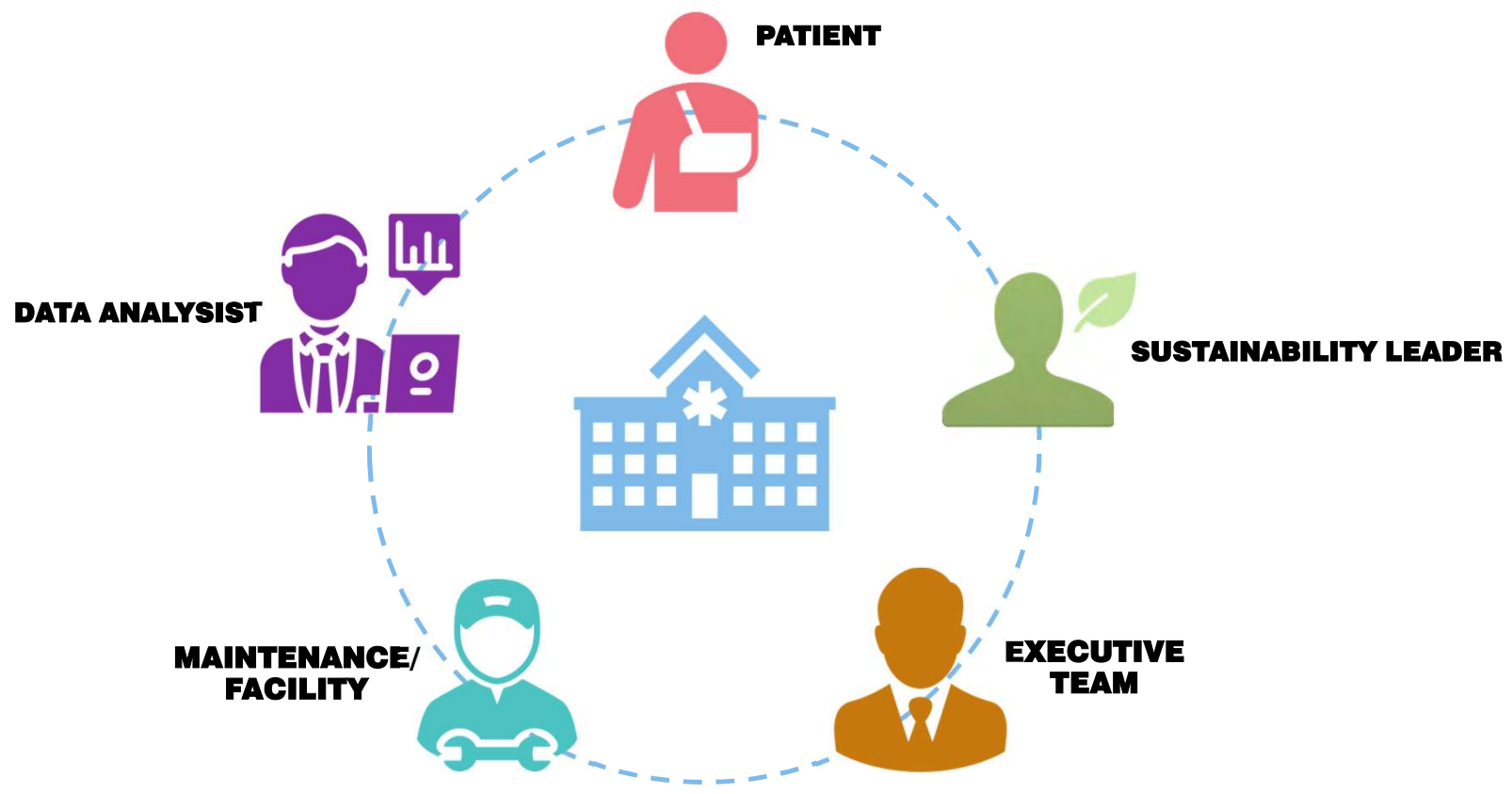


Step 1: Begin with a vision.

- Define relevant stakeholders and objectives
- Think forward

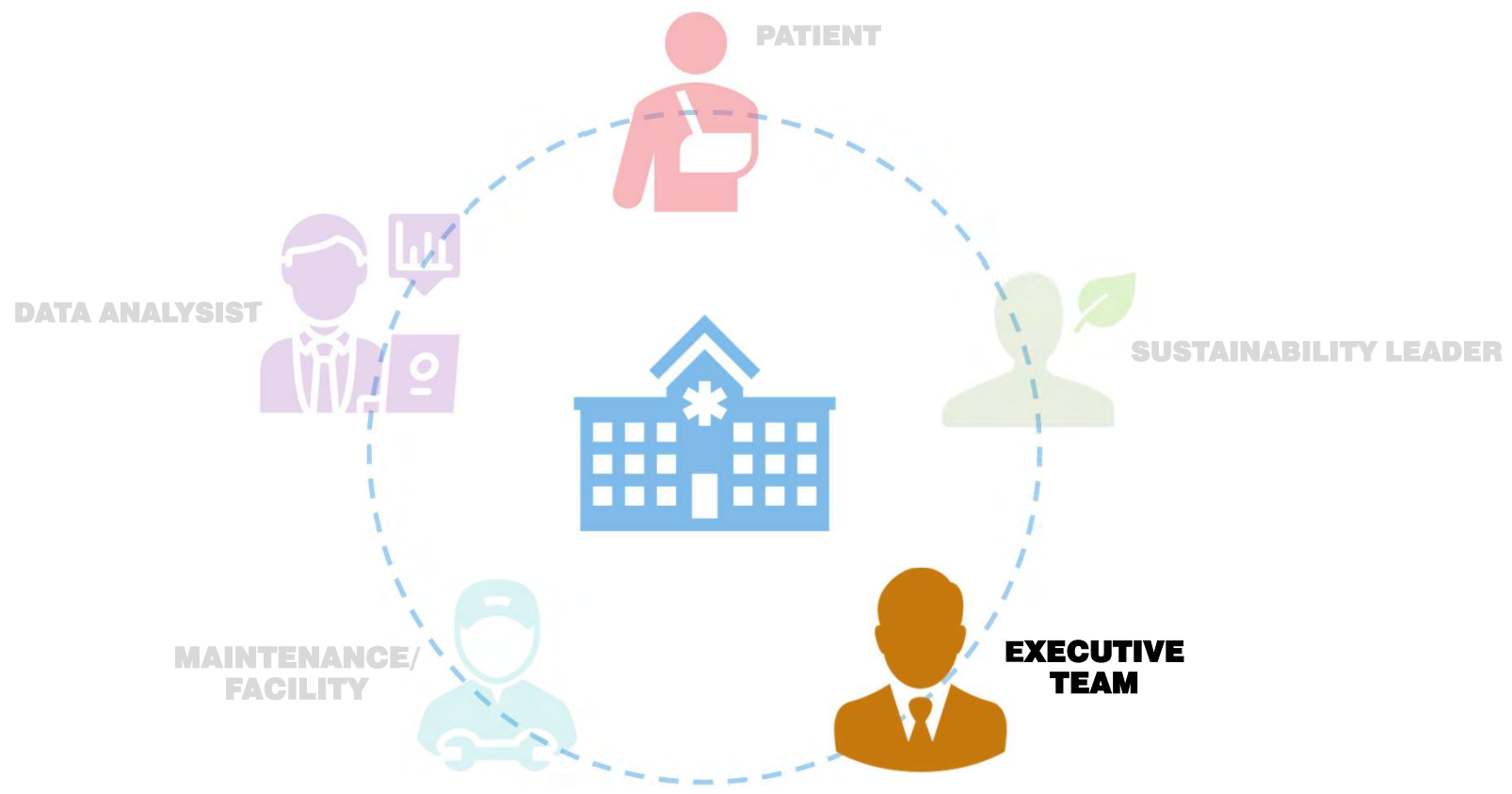


1 STEP #1: BEGIN WITH A VISION





1 STEP #1: BEGIN WITH A VISION





STEP #1: BEGIN WITH A VISION



Key Performance Indicators

"We need to improve our Key Performance Indicators without adding staff"



**EXECUTIVE
TEAM**

MACRO

- Patient Comfort
- Operational Costs
- Energy
- Work Orders

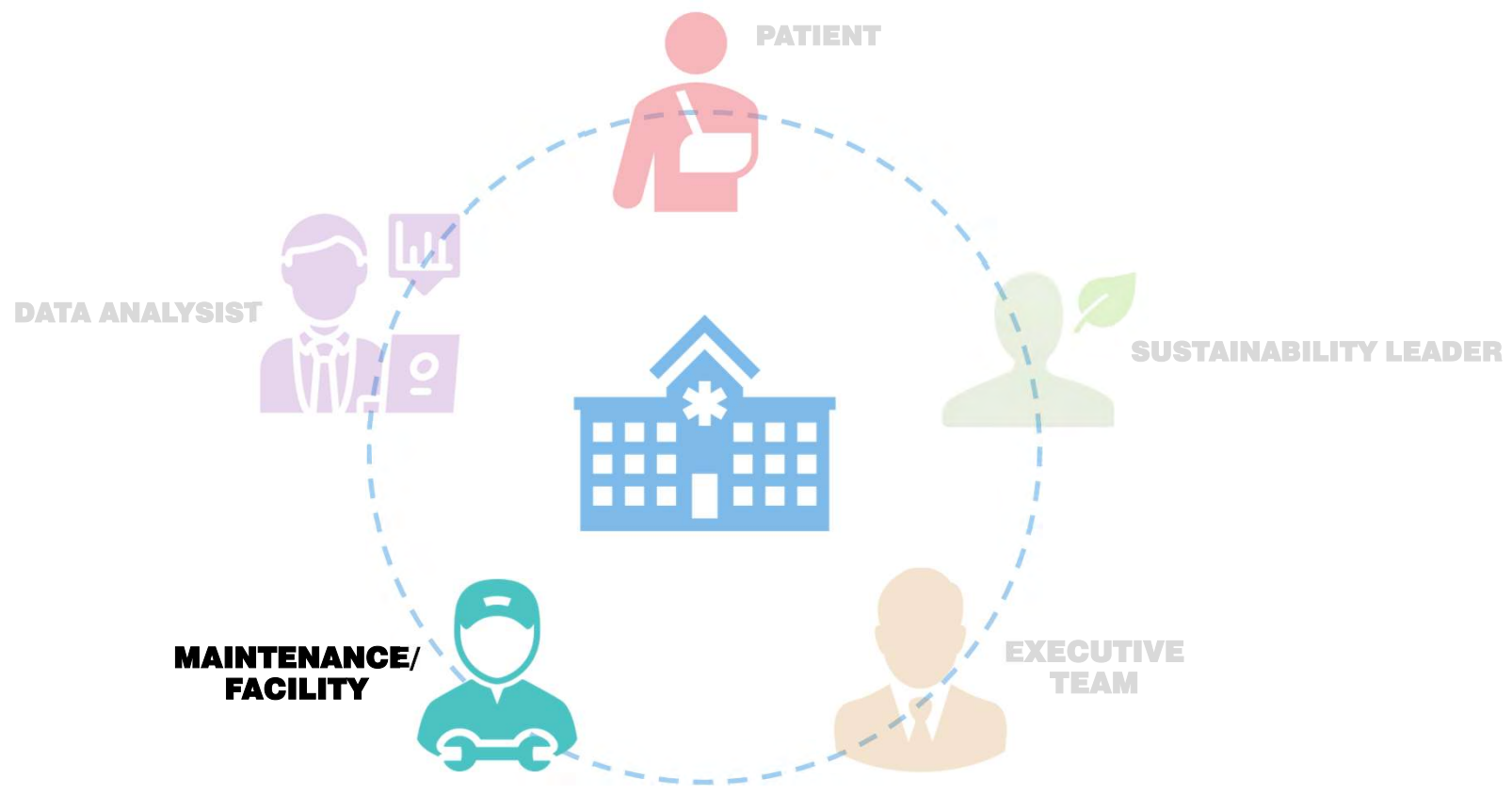
micro

- kW/Ton
- kW/CFM
- Average Valve Position
- CHW Temp Differential





1 STEP #1: BEGIN WITH A VISION





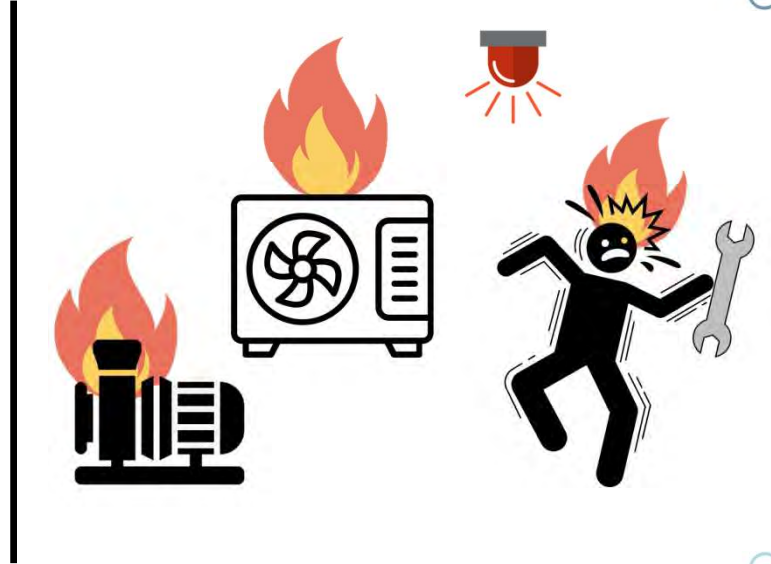
STEP #1: BEGIN WITH A VISION



“Do we go from being Reactive to Preventative?”



**MAINTENANCE/
FACILITY**



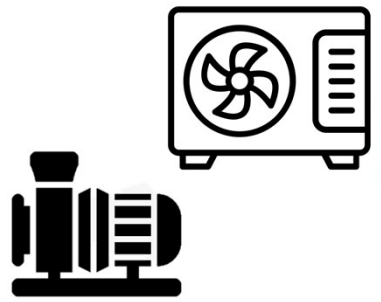


STEP #1: BEGIN WITH A VISION

*“or Reactive to
Predictive”*

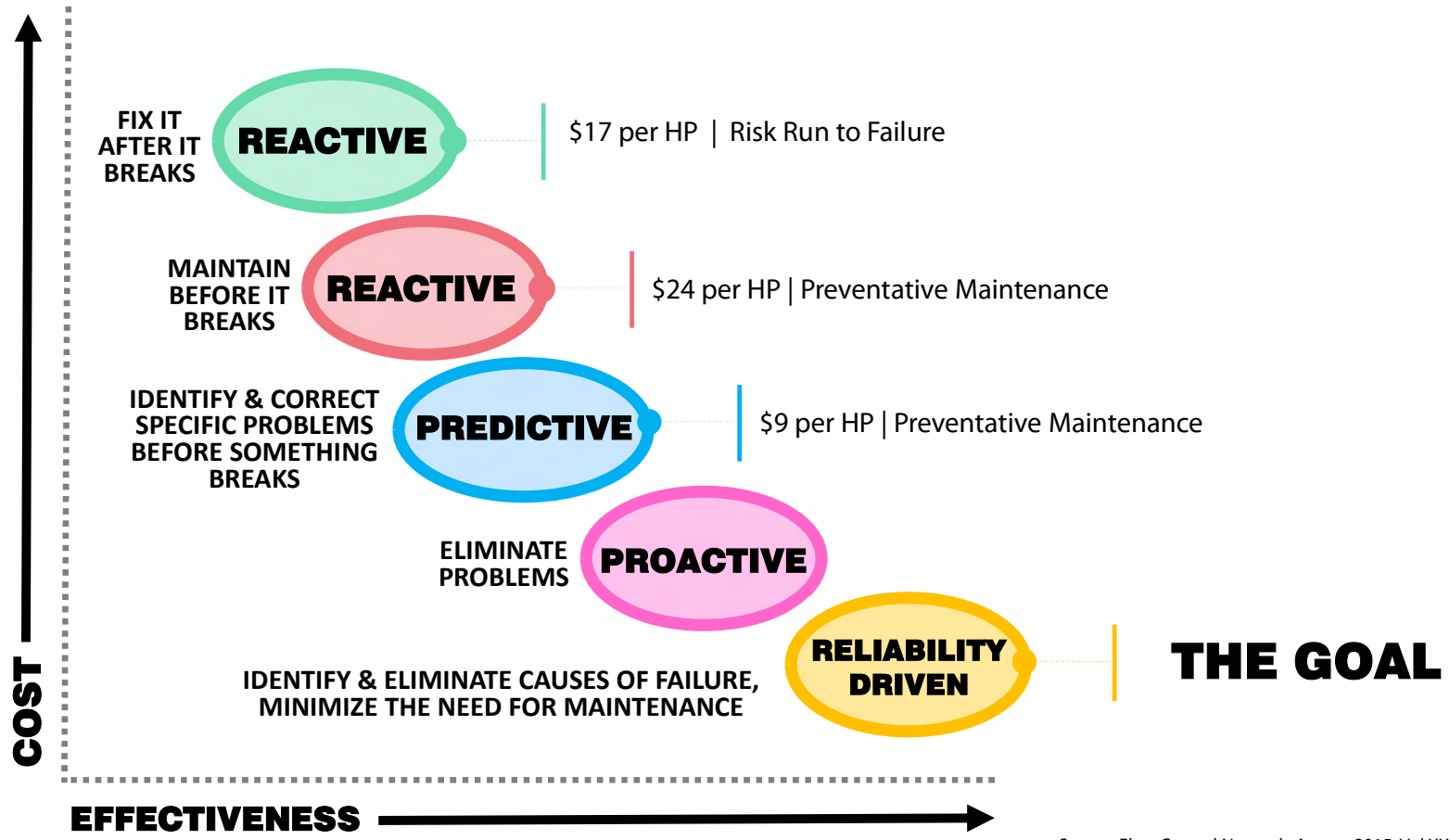


**MAINTENANCE/
FACILITY**



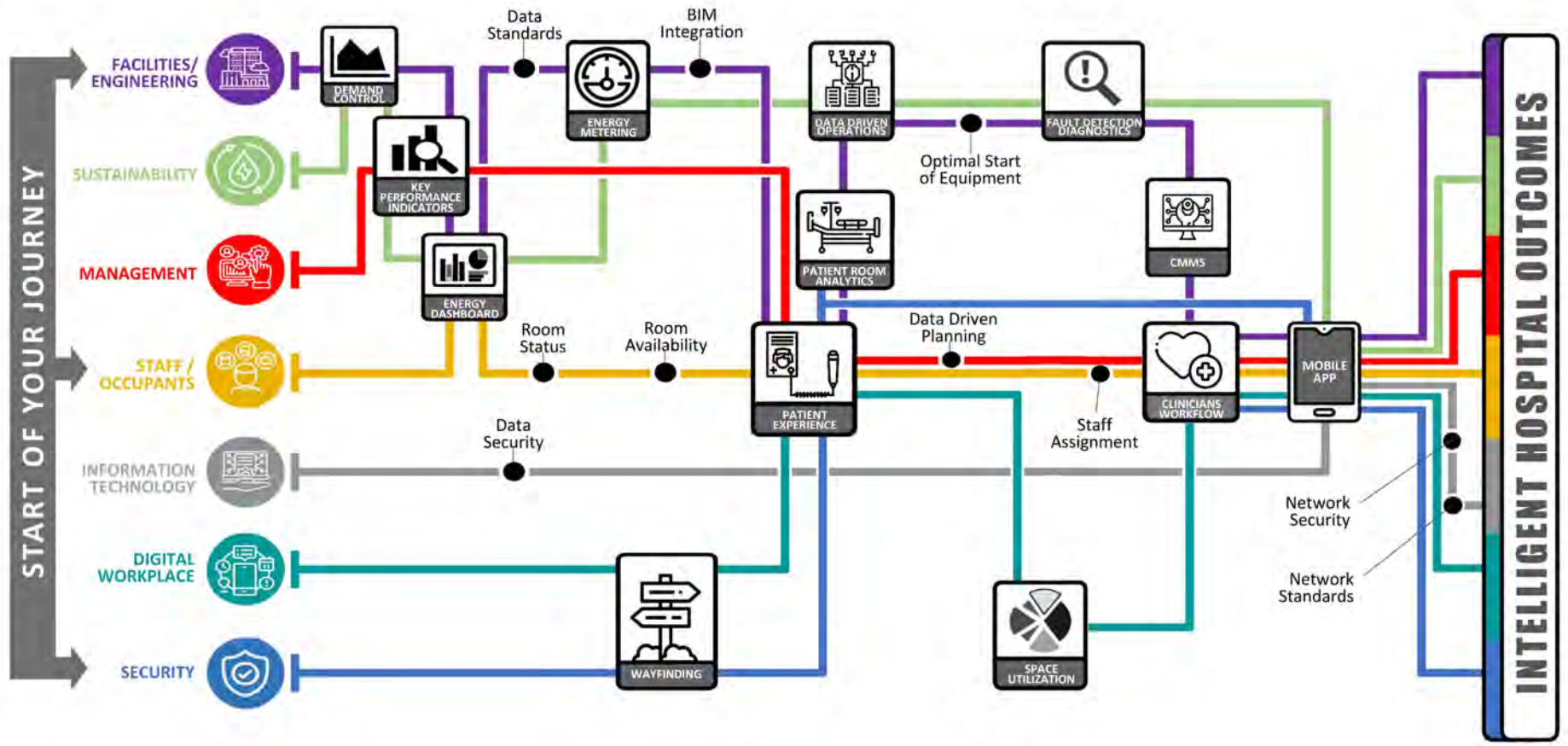
1 STEP #1: BEGIN WITH A VISION

COST ADVANTAGES OF MAINTENANCE TYPES



Source: Flow Control Network, August 2015, Vol XXI No. 8 and <https://www.theautomationengineer.com/insight/aiming-zero-downtime/>

1 STEP #1: BEGIN WITH A VISION





STEP #1: BEGIN WITH A VISION

DECADE

DATA POINTS

STRATEGY

1990's

15K

- All Renovations & Repairs to be DDC

2000's

30K

- From BOC to 'Enterprise BOC'
- Data Naming
- Fault Detection Diagnostics

2010's

300K

- Data Driven Design and Operations

2020's

1 Million

- Predicted Operations: Energy and Equipment Failure
- Machine Learning + Artificial Intelligence
- Automation of Facility Management Functions

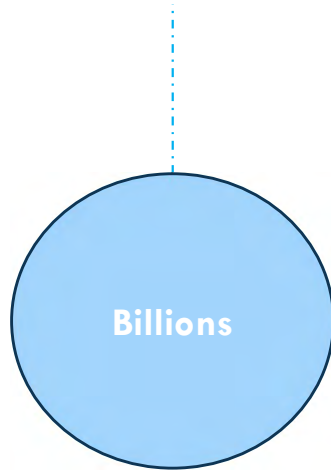
1 STEP #1: BEGIN WITH A VISION

DECADE

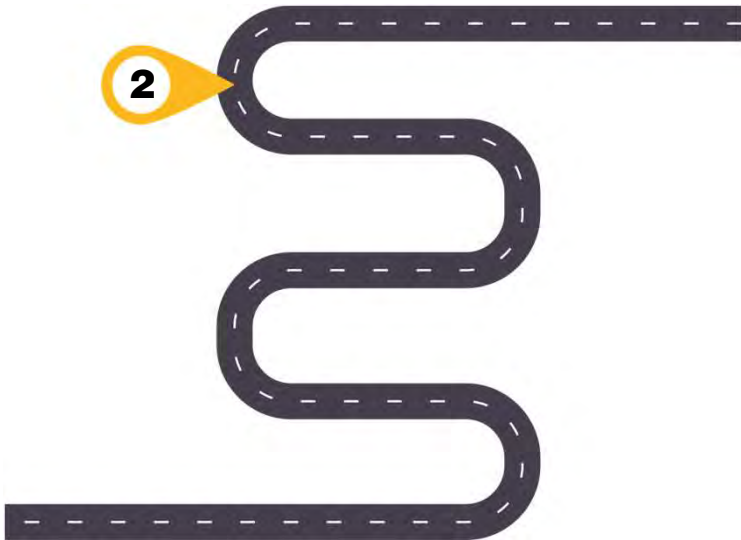
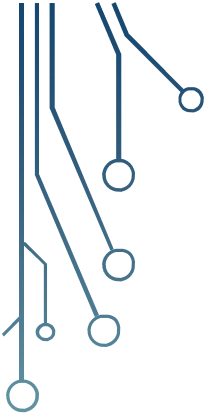
DATA POINTS

STRATEGY

2050's



- **Prepare today for the tools we'll have tomorrow**



Step 2: Develop a master plan.

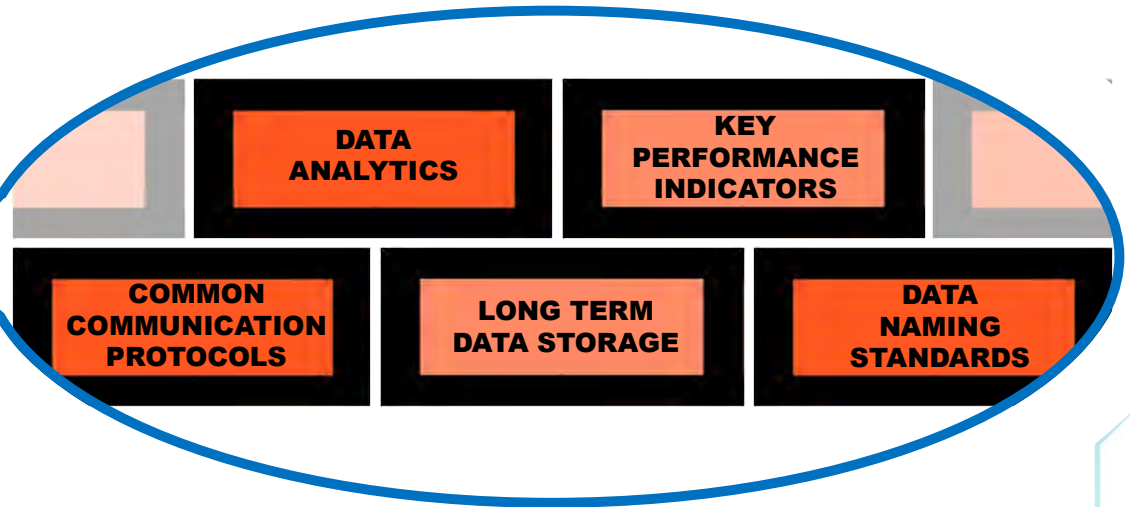


III \

2 STEP #2: DEVELOP A MASTER PLAN



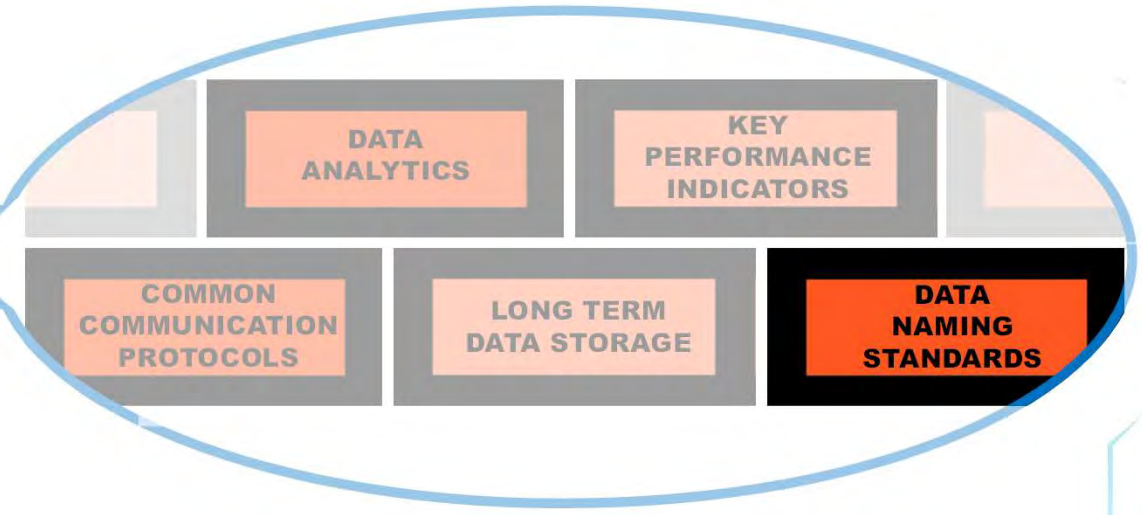
2 STEP #2: DEVELOP A MASTER PLAN



2 STEP #2: DEVELOP A MASTER PLAN



MASTER PLAN



DATA ANALYTICS

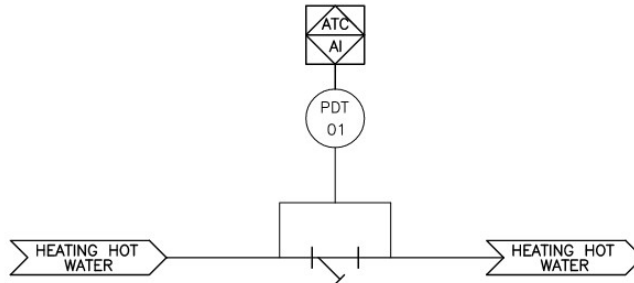
KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

COMMON COMMUNICATION PROTOCOLS

LONG TERM DATA STORAGE

DATA NAMING STANDARDS

2 STEP #2: DEVELOP A MASTER PLAN



P = Physical
 PD = Pressure Differential
 V = Value
 AN = Analog
 PS = PSI

WORKSTATION				USER INFORMATION							
TAG	POINT DESCRIPTION	UNITS	POINT NAME (1)	POINT TYPE			SETPOINT VALUE	ALARM CONDITION			
				ANALOG	DIGITAL	INTEGRATED		HIGH LIMIT	LOW LIMIT	ALARM DELAY (MIN)	
HARDWARE											
PDT 01	STRAINER DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE	PSID	CEF05.HHW.STRXXX.XXX.PPD.VAN.PS	X							
SOFTWARE											
SDP	DIRTY STRAINER SETPOINT	PSID	CEF05.HHW.STRXXX.XXX.VPD.SPDP.PS	X			2.5				

NOTES:
 (1) X'S SHALL BE SUBSTITUTED WITH THE 15-CHARACTER EQUIPMENT TAG THAT THE POINT IS ASSOCIATED WITH, FOLLOWED BY THE REMAINDER OF THE POINT NAME SHOWN. SEE SCHEDULES FOR EQUIPMENT TAGS.

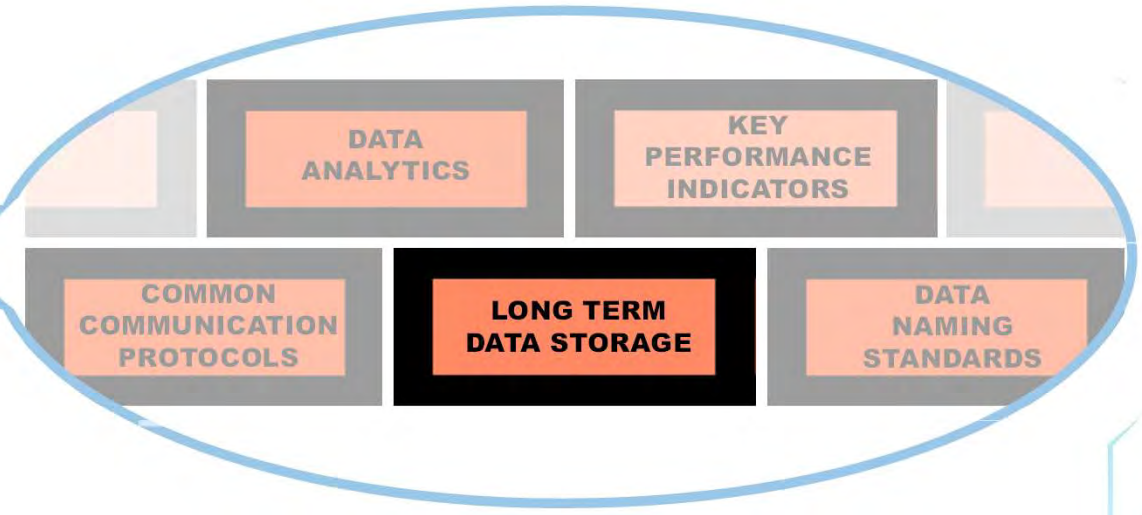
4 HEATING HOT WATER STRAINER MONITORING CONTROL DIAGRAM

SCALE: NONE

2 STEP #2: DEVELOP A MASTER PLAN

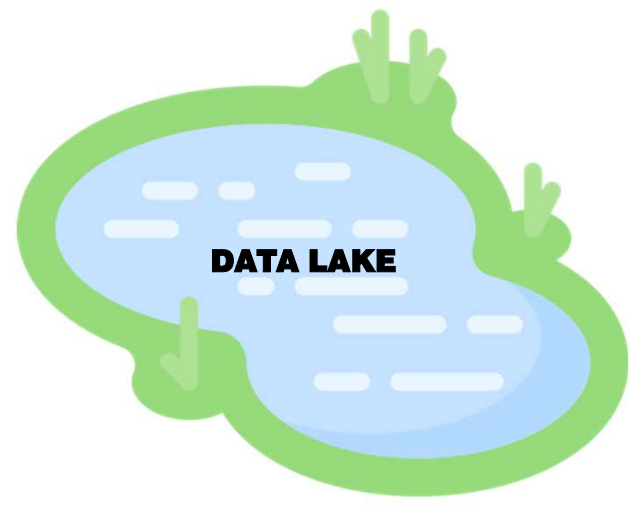


MASTER PLAN



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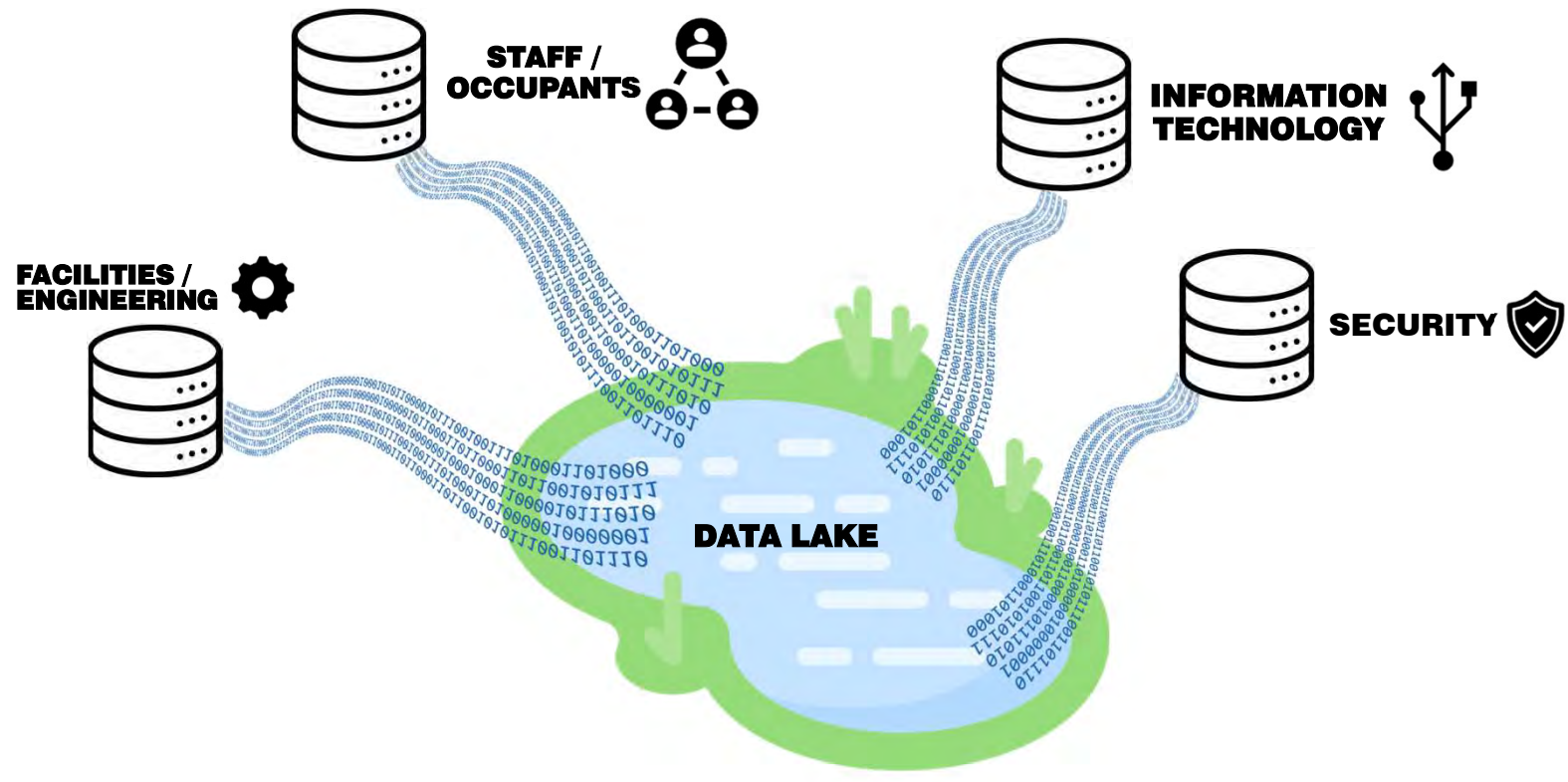
2 STEP #2: DEVELOP A MASTER PLAN



DATA LAKE IS A CENTRALIZED REPOSITORY



2 STEP #2: DEVELOP A MASTER PLAN

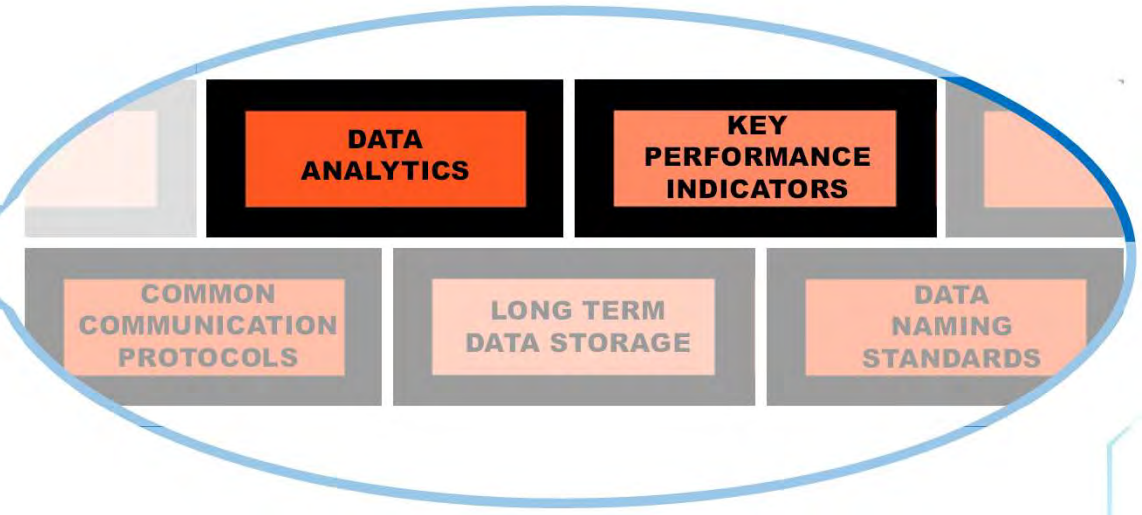


DATA IN ALL STAGES (RAW, SEMI-STRUCTURED, OR STRUCTURED) CAN BE STORED IN DATA LAKE

2 STEP #2: DEVELOP A MASTER PLAN

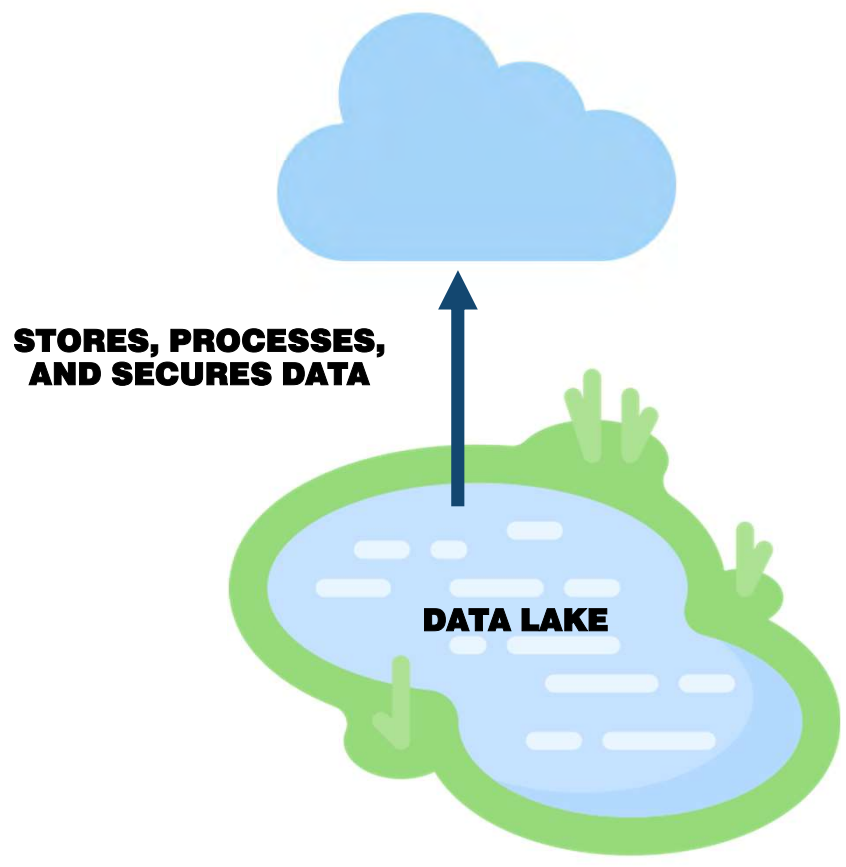


MASTER PLAN



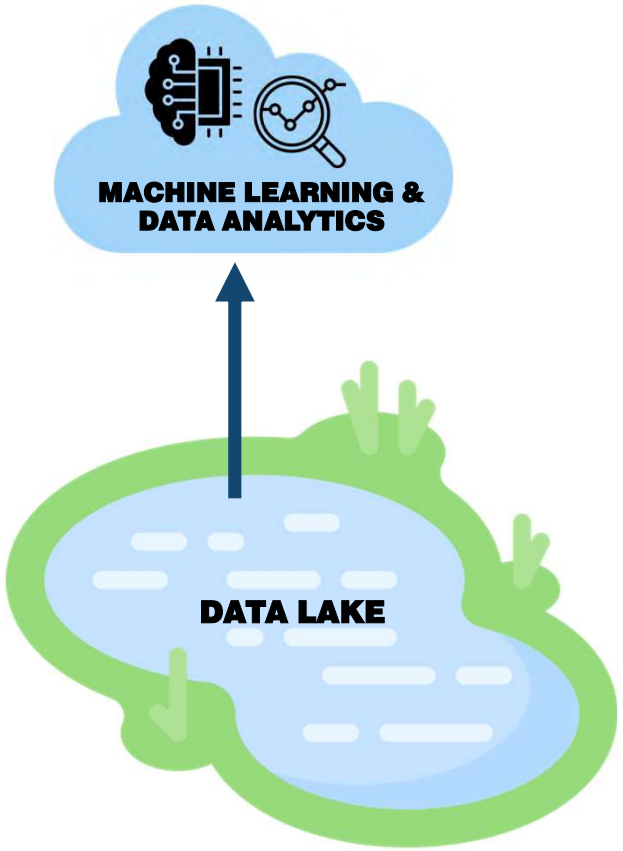


2 STEP #2: DEVELOP A MASTER PLAN



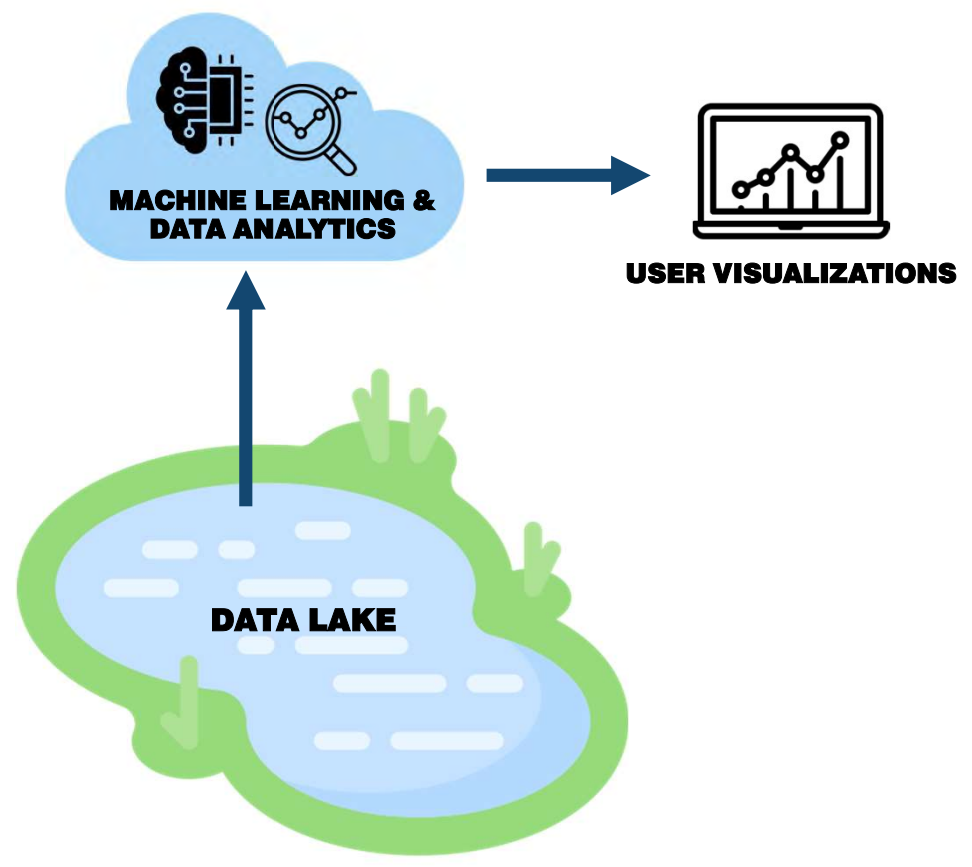
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2 STEP #2: DEVELOP A MASTER PLAN

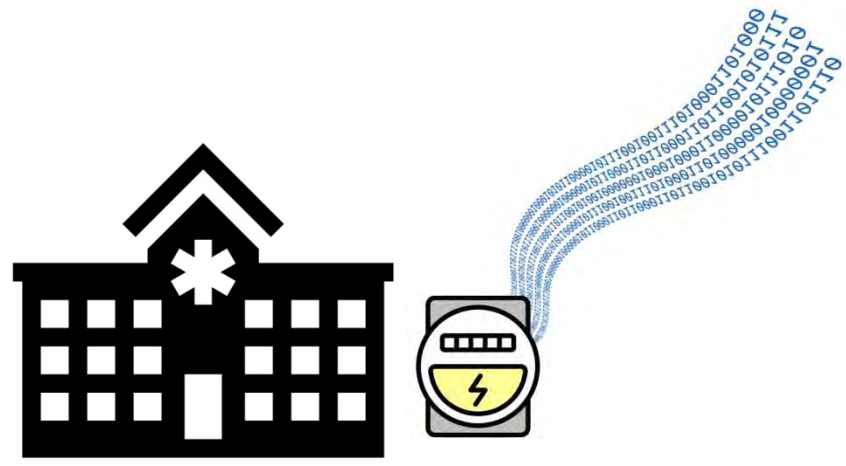


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2 STEP #2: DEVELOP A MASTER PLAN



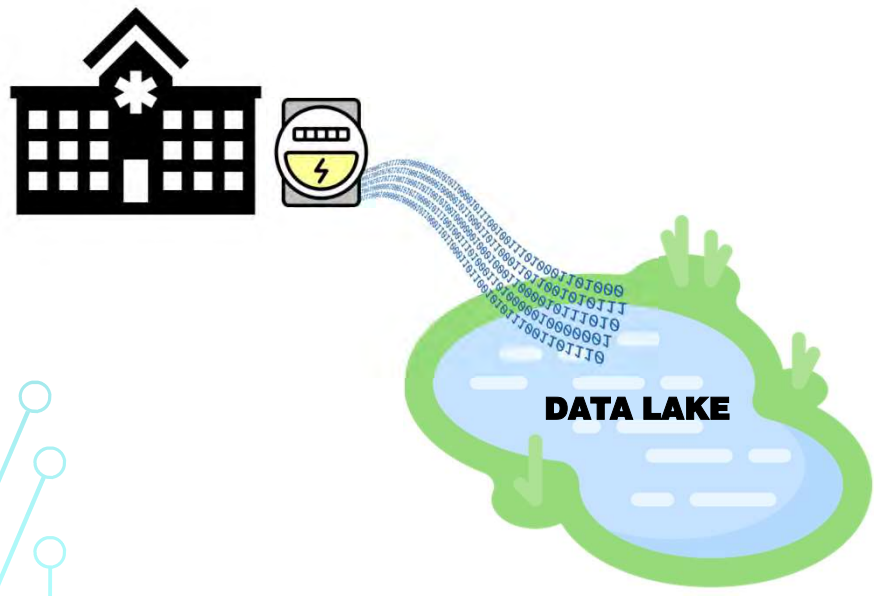
2 STEP #2: DEVELOP A MASTER PLAN



Example: Hospital's Power Meter

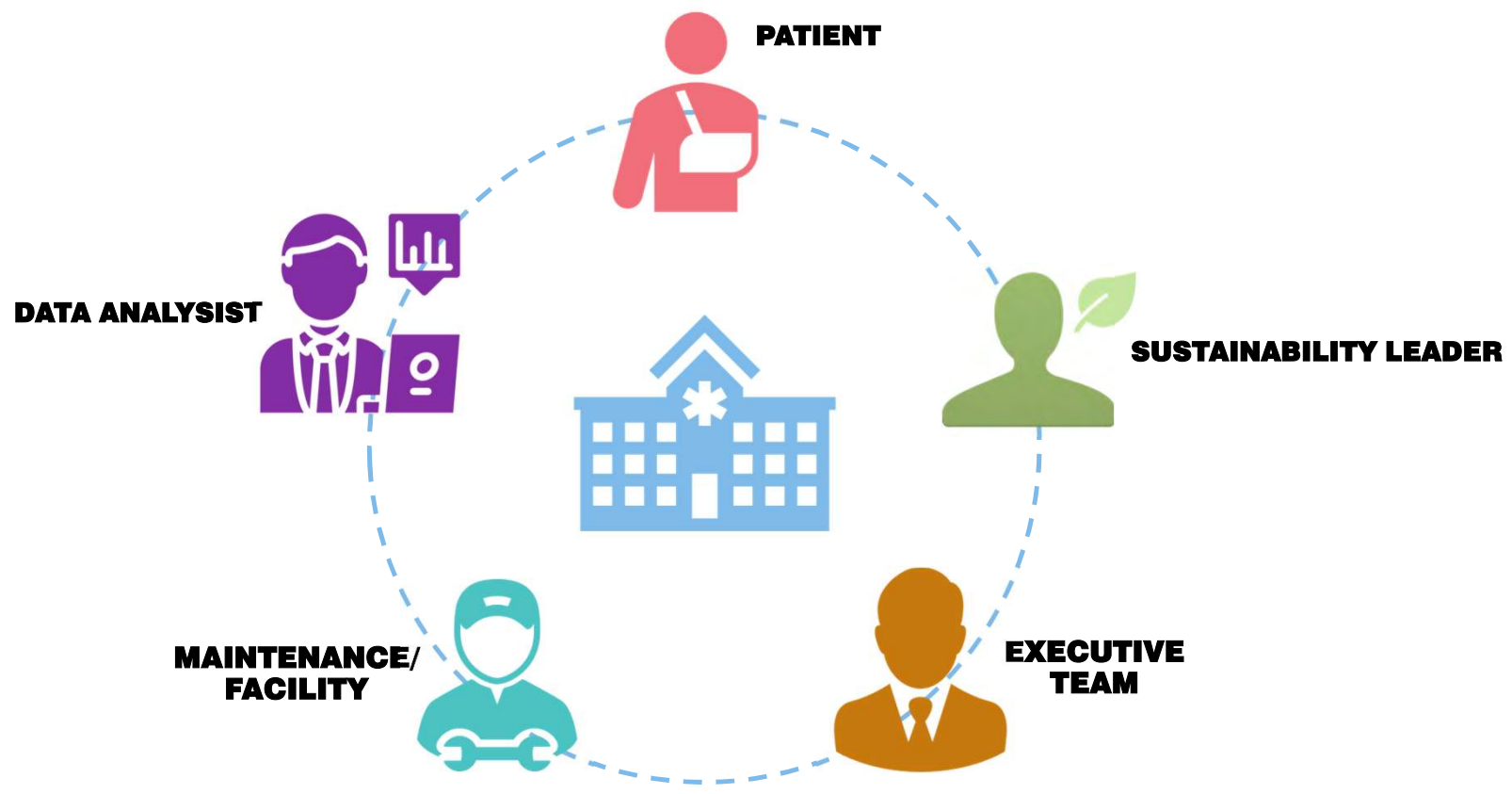
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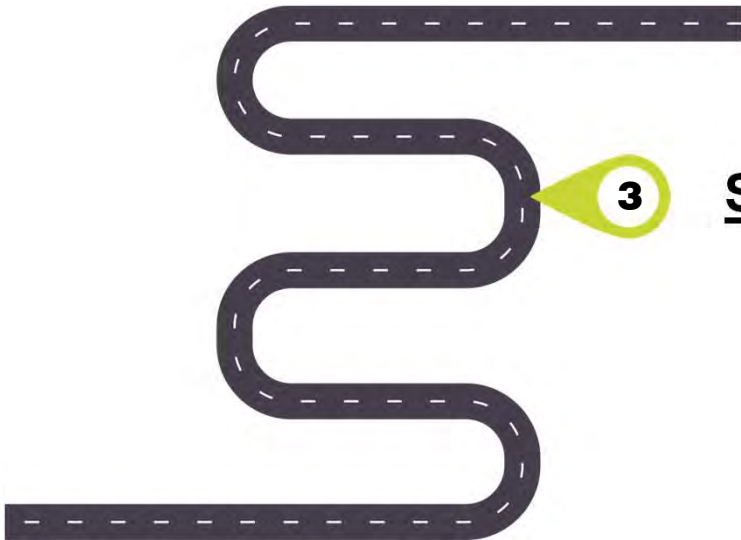
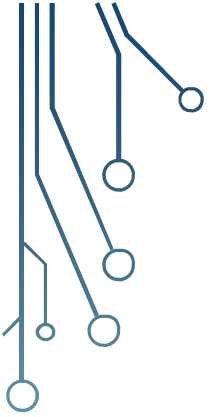
2 STEP #2: DEVELOP A MASTER PLAN





2 STEP #2: DEVELOP A MASTER PLAN





3

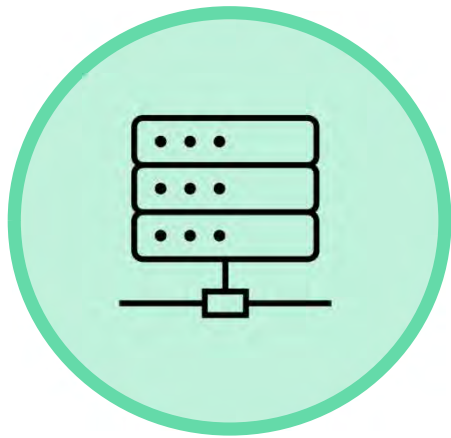
Step 3: Enable/Enhance Infrastructure.



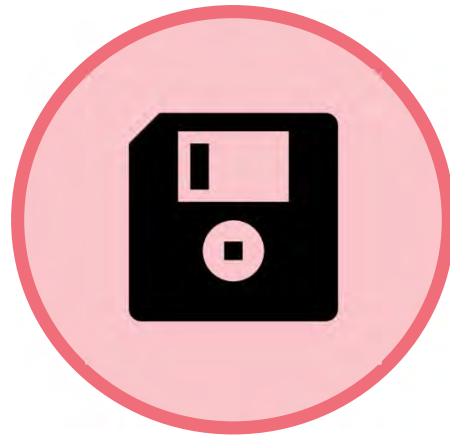
3

**STEP #3: ENABLE/ENHANCE
INFRASTRUCTURE**

Three Types of Infrastructure



IT NETWORK



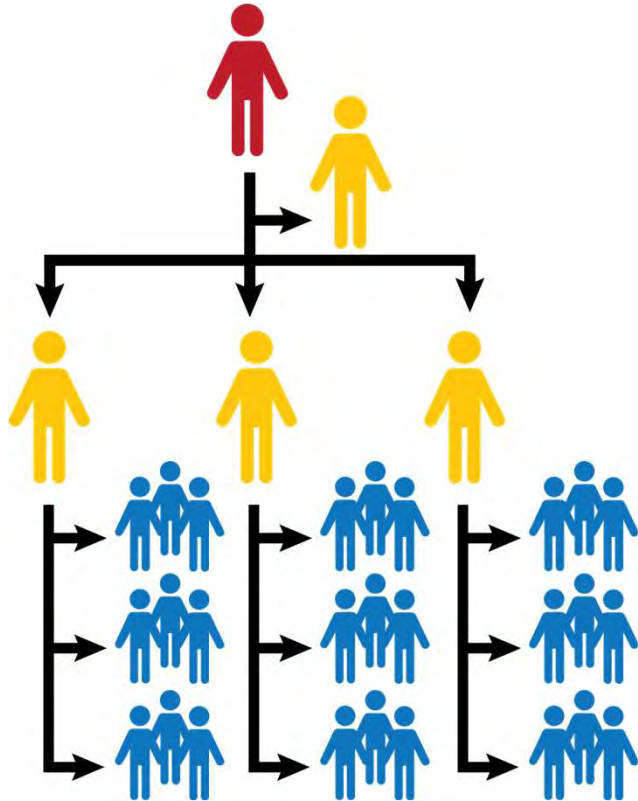
DATA



**HUMAN
INFRASTRUCTURE**

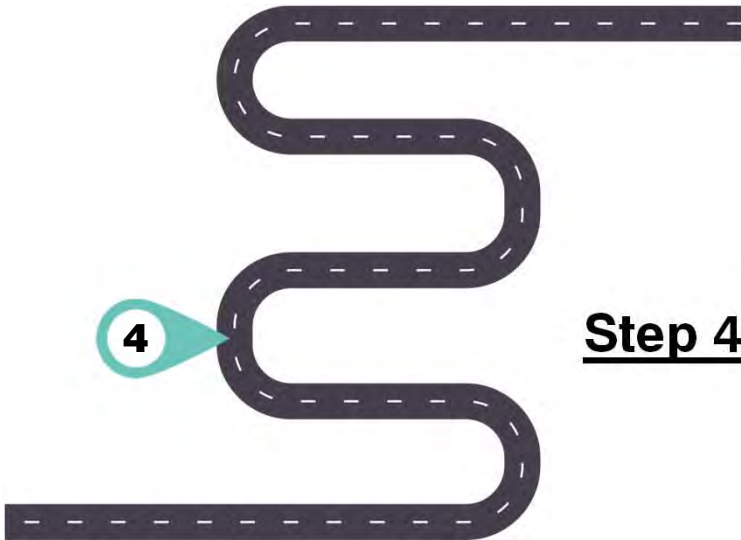
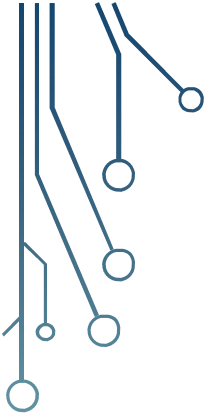
3

STEP #3: ENABLE/ENHANCE INFRASTRUCTURE



Enhance Human Infrastructure:

- Data Quality and Standards
- Applications Engineering
- Central Building Operating Center (BOC) Roles
- Information Technology Functions in Facilities Management




Step 4: Systems Integration.



4 STEP #4: INTEGRATE SYSTEMS

DATA HISTORIAN

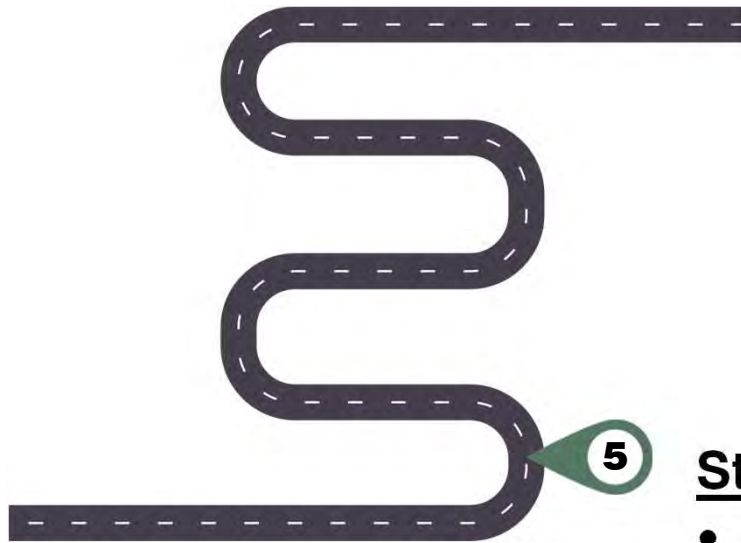
- Single repository of data from multiple systems
 - Different Apps pull data from one source
 - Reduce time sharing data with disparate stake holders
 - Historical retrieval / Pattern Recognition
- 



4 STEP #4: INTEGRATE SYSTEMS

DATA HISTORIAN

- Iconics (Industrial)
 - OSI Pi (Industrial)
 - HanPrism (Industrial)
 - Clockworks (Commercial)
 - BAS (Commercial)
 - IT Department's Home-Grown Option
- 



Step 5: Operations and Maintenance.

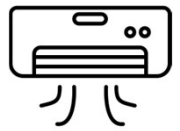
- Commissioning
- Data-driven design

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STEP #5: OPERATIONS & MAINTENANCE

2 hours



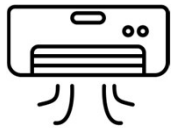
1 FCU



5

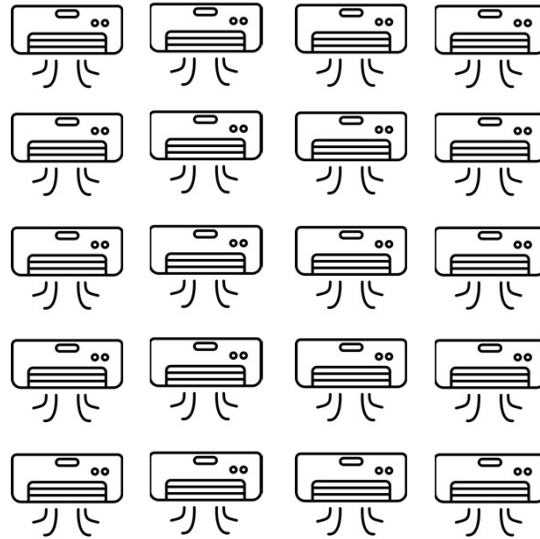
STEP #5: OPERATIONS & MAINTENANCE

2 hours



1 FCU

X



20 FCU

= 40 hours

5

STEP #5: OPERATIONS & MAINTENANCE



Can we automate this process to save time?

40 hours

20 FCU



DIGITIZATION OUTCOMES

WHY DIGITIZE?

1. Enhance Safety
2. Improve Patient Comfort
3. Minimize Downtime
4. Increase Operational Efficiency
5. Realize Energy Savings
6. Leverage Data Empowered Design





DIGITIZATION OUTCOMES



CHALLENGES AND LESSONS LEARNED

1. People/Culture – Change Management
2. Data Standards – Uniformity
3. Establishing the Business Case
4. Champion the Vision





DIGITIZATION OUTCOMES



1

Step 1: Begin with a vision.

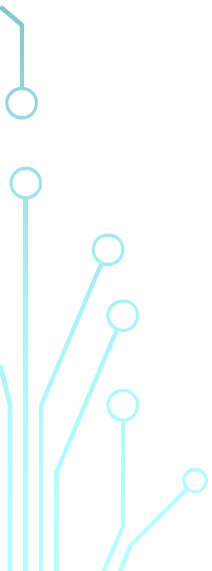




DIGITAL TWIN



Step 6: Digital Twin.



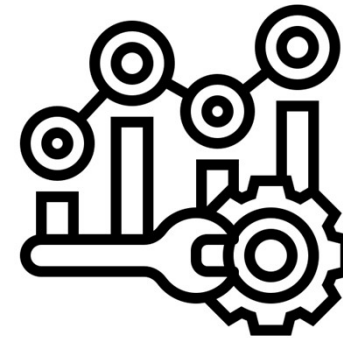


DIGITAL TWIN



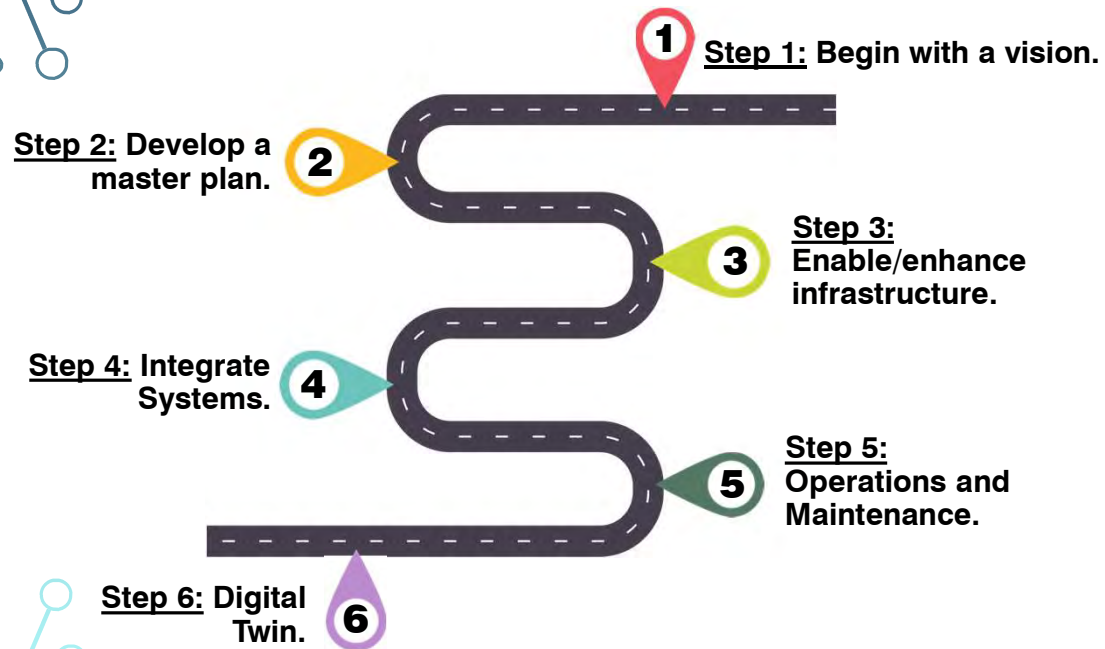
APPLICATIONS IN HEALTHCARE:

- Single Pane of Glass
- Predictive Maintenance
- Data Driven Design
 - Optimizing Facility Layout
 - Enhancing Patient Flow
- Advanced Analytics
- Streamline & Simplify Operations





SUMMARY



HIGHLIGHTS:

- ★ Seeing Data as a utility
- ★ Collect Data NOW for the tools of tomorrow
- ★ Digitization is a process
- ★ Vision and Master Planning are essential

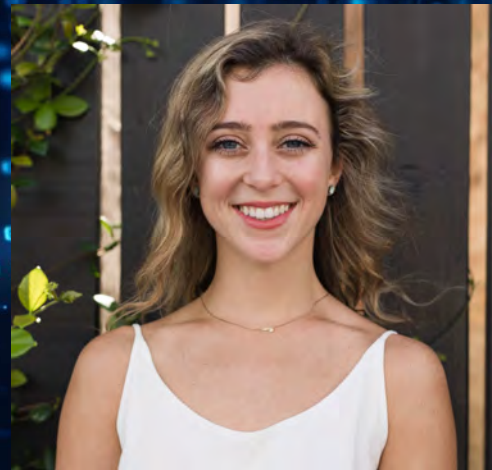
Contact Information



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